

THAT STAR PLAY

Talked Of by Coach Woodruff Failed to Work Out.

HARVARD WON AS SHE CHOSE

Pennsylvania the Worst Beaten Team of the Year—Illinois Wins.

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BEAT CRIPPLES

Columbia, Nov. 9.—The strong Michigan team ran up only 21 points, the smallest score of the year, against the crippled Ohio state university eleven here this afternoon. Three touchdowns were made in the latter part of the first half, after Ohio defended the goal line safely nearly twenty minutes. Two were earned by hard line bucking while the third was the result of a 45-yard run. On the latter play the umpire unintentionally interfered with an attempt to tackle on the 25-yard line, which probably cost a touchdown. Michigan had trouble in scoring once in the second half and the ball was in her territory for at least fifteen minutes of the play. Ohio could not get nearer than the 20-yard line, however, and an attempt at field goal went wide.

COLUMBIA OUTPLAYED

New York, Nov. 9.—The football eleven of Syracuse university played a splendid game against Columbia university at the polo grounds this afternoon and won a hard fought battle on the gridiron by a score of 14 to 5. Columbia was outplayed at every point. The visitors played clean, fast football, although they were a fighter team and turned the tables on the Columbia men, who, flushed with their recent successes, were victims of over confidence. In the first half the upstate men held the local players twice for downs, and in the second half held them once, while Columbia only held the Syracuse Lickers once for downs during the game.

NEBRASKA, 51; MISSOURI, 0

Omaha, Nov. 9.—Nebraska defeated Missouri today by a score of 51 to 0. The Missouri men, however, played a determined game and contested every inch gained by the scarlet and green. Lack of experience and the fast team work of the Nebraska men were reasons for defeat. The Nebraska goal was never in danger and every man played his position perfectly. Drain, quarterback of Nebraska, kicked seven goals, one of which was made from the field.

MIDWEST AND INDIAN

Annapolis, Nov. 9.—In the football contest today between the Carlisle Indians and naval cadets, it seemed in the first half as if the Indians would carry off the honors, but the navy won out by a score of 14 to 5. The Indians used the right and left formation with guard right and left of the line alternately, and through this play they would tear through the navy's lines for repeated gains.

ONE SIDED

Madison, Nov. 9.—The University of Wisconsin defeated Ames college (Iowa) this afternoon by a score of 45 to 0. The game was too one-sided to furnish a line on the Minnesota-Wisconsin contest to be played here next Saturday.

CORNELL BEATS LEHIGH

Ithaca, N. Y., Nov. 9.—With a team made up largely of substitutes, Cornell defeated Lehigh here today by a score of 20 to 0. The contest was marked by both brilliant and erratic work. During the first twenty-five minutes of the play Cornell scored two touchdowns—one goal being kicked but in the second half there was a notable improvement in the showing of both elevens. There was less fumbling and the Blue and White down and earned 10 more points.

OTHER SCORES

Hanover-Dartmouth, 22; University of Vermont, 0.
Washington-Gallaudet deaf-mutes, 18; Georgetown, 0.
San Francisco—University of California, 21; Stanford, 0.
Springfield-Springfield high school, 35; Lawrence university, 0.
Lawrence, Kan.—Haskell Indians, 18; University of Kansas, 5.
Providence-Lafayette, 11; Brown, 0.
Middleton, Conn.—Williams, 11; Wesleyan, 5.
Hartford-Trinity, 10; University of New York, 5.
Notre Dame, Nov. 9.—Notre Dame, 12; Purdue, 0.
Monmouth, Nov. 9.—Knox college, 50; Monmouth, 0.
Ripon, Wis., Nov. 9.—Ripon college, 6; Sacred Heart, 5.

HOLLAND SHOT DEAD

Champion Athlete of Iowa Murdered By M. Hunter.

Mount Airy, N. C.—Homer Holland, two years ago the champion all-around athlete of Drake university, was shot and instantly killed by M. Hunter here today. Hunter and Holland were walking home together and quarreled. Hunter drew a revolver, and Holland fell dead at the first shot. Holland held the Iowa state intercollegiate record for a running hop, step and jump. In the state field meet in 1910 Holland won 23 of Drake's 40 points, winning the meet for Drake.

Tungese Gives Up

St. Petersburg, Nov. 9.—An official dispatch from (Gibbarovsk says that seven Tungese leaders and 3,000 men have surrendered. Of these thirteen hundred have been enrolled as Chinese police and the rest have been dismissed. "Throughout northern Manchuria," continues the dispatch, "things so far are settled, and further conflict with the Tungese will be left to the Chinese police. The Russian troops are being employed only and should the police be unable to cope with the insurgents or should Russian assistance be asked."

Greco-Soviet Falls

St. Louis, Nov. 8.—Greco-Soviet this afternoon attempted to break his record of 2:27 1/2 for a mile trot. The best he could do was 2:37 1/2.

QUIETLY LOYAL

Guests at Lord Mayor's Banquet Do Not Grow Enthusiastic.

WHEN WAR IS TALKED ABOUT

Salisbury Expresses Satisfaction That Other Powers Have Been Passive.

London, Nov. 9.—The lord mayor's banquet at Guild hall tonight was the spectacular close of the day's festivities. The gathering of 2,000 of the most influential citizens in London including the heads of various government departments of which the government was not slow to take advantage. The presence of Lord Salisbury afforded excellent excuse for indicating the attitude of the government toward the South African controversy. The response of the great audience might be described as anti-enthusiastic. The banquet was preceded by the customary reception in Guild hall library where Sir Joseph Dimsdale, in quiet official robes, welcomed the ministers and various officials. Lord Roberts was conspicuous by his absence and the war office was merely represented by one of the under secretaries.

SALISBURY'S SPEECH

The feature of the evening was Lord Salisbury's speech in response to the toast, "His majesty's ministers." Referring to the progress of the war in South Africa the premier said: "It is pleasant to recall that the peace of the world has been so little disturbed by the events of the last two years. Half a century ago we could not have found such a correct and pacific attitude on the part of all government powers. I strongly deplore the spirit of positivism frequently heard in the utterances of some of our public men as to the war in which we are engaged. I emphatically declare that whatever delays are encountered are due neither to lack of earnestness or ability of our generals in the field or to the neglect to comply with all their demands on the part of the home government. I deeply regret the ravages of war in the colonies to which we are anxious to accord the fullest practical measure of self-government. But we had neighbors in South Africa whose conduct for years has been a menace to our stability in that section of our empire. Now we are engaged in removing this menace and we are determined to do so effectively that it will never require doing again." This declaration was received with cordial but by no means enthusiastic applause.

KING'S BIRTHDAY

London, Nov. 9.—The king is spending his birthday at Sandringham with the royal family. There has been an official observance of the day except the customary salutes and ringing of church bells.

GERMANS GROW VIOLENT

Enter Protest Against Language Used By Chamberlain.

Berlin, Nov. 9.—Germany has rung with anti-Chamberlain indignation meetings all week. The meetings have been confined hitherto to students, veterans and societies, but a conference of the "Thuringian Pastors' societies" decided to invite the protestant clergymen throughout Germany to make common protest against the utterances of the British colonial secretary at Edinburgh Oct. 25, when he referred to the conduct of the German troops during the Franco-Prussian war of 1870-71. Students' meetings were held this week at Berlin, Leipzig, Tübingen, Jena and other universities. The Leipzig meeting was held in response to a call sent out by the rector of the university. The Jena students voted a petition to the imperial chancellor, Count Von Hofmann, to instruct the German ambassador at London to demand satisfaction for the insult. At all the meetings the speakers used violent language and all published calls are hotly worded.

CRABTREE GUILTY

Of Helping to Murder a Defenseless Girl.

Gleora, Mo., Nov. 9.—James Crabtree, charged with complicity in the murder last June of Alice Stillman, a young girl, was today found guilty and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. Mrs. Thomas Crabtree, the prisoner's stepmother; Thomas Crabtree and son William are still to be tried for complicity in the crime. Alice Stillman, the victim, was the 10-year-old stepdaughter of Thomas Crabtree. She had trouble with her folks, whom they disliked. Later her body was found floating in the river with her neck broken and bearing other marks of ill usage. It was charged that her half brothers ravished and then helped to murder her.

CHICAGO RIVALS BATTLE

Northwestern Wins in Close and Exciting Contest.

Chicago, Nov. 9.—With a desperation born of long years of rivalry, Chicago and Northwestern universities battled on the gridiron today, and came out with honors practically even, although the score was: Northwestern, 0; Chicago, 5. In the first half, the Northwestern tore through the right tackle, following with a goal kicked. The Chicago score was gained in the second half when a goal was kicked from the field from the Northwestern's 30-yard line. The Chicago's reversal of form came as a surprise for the Evanstonians expected to pile up a big score in view of the weakness of Chicago shown in previous games. Five thousand people viewed the game.

ANOTHER BIG TRUST

To Act in Conjunction With Billion Dollar Concern.

Philadelphia, Nov. 9.—The North American tomorrow will say: A new fifty million dollar steel corporation is being formed for the purpose of uniting in one powerful combination the plate mills of the country. Ten or more plants including the Pennsylvania companies that are now doing a large business will be absorbed by the new concern. Four

AN EASY VICTIM

Samuel Seelig, Dishonest Post-office Employee, Caught at St. Louis.

STOLEN LETTERS ON PERSON

Indignant at First and Then Broke Down and Admitted Guilt.

St. Louis, Nov. 9.—Samuel Seelig, foreman of the city distributing department of the St. Louis postoffice, was arrested shortly after midnight Saturday morning, charged with embezzling letters. Fifty letters, some containing money orders, were found on his person. When the circuit attorney arrived at the federal building a warrant was issued against Seelig and the case was then laid before the federal grand jury. Postoffice Inspector Dice says the theft of letters that came under Seelig's supervision has been known for more than a year.

GREEN BOY PLAYS WELL

Fairweather Figures Conspicuously in Illinois Slaughter of Iowa.

Iowa City, Nov. 9.—Billings upset all of Iowa's plans and defeated her in a perfect slaughter this afternoon. The score was 24 to 0, not to tell how much the visitors outplayed the locals. Illinois made gains repeatedly by line bucking and smashed Iowa's line to pieces. Stahl the famous guard, played a star game. The fatal dashes into Iowa's line gave him five, ten and fifteen yards. Captain Lindgren, Brundage and Fairweather covered much ground with the ball. Fairweather, a freshman and green player, carried the pigskin fifty yards through the entire Iowa eleven in returning a punt. Illinois wrecked Iowa's guards by swift work against interference by Stahl and Fairweather. Iowa made most of her few gains round the right end. Illinois Center Lowenthal's tackling was a feature of the visitors' play. Iowa's stars were Hurlier, Roberts, Macy, Walters and Jones. The veteran Walters rose from a sick bed to play. He was taken home in a carriage at the end of the game.

Stand by Herbert

Denver, Nov. 9.—Members of the Order of Railway Conductors and of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen employed on the Denver & Rio Grande railroad at a meeting today voted unanimously to stand by the railroad company in the strike declared by the Switchmen's Union of North America. This action practically ends the strike so far as the company is concerned, but a fight may ensue in other portions of the country between the switchmen and trainmen.

LETTERS IN HIS POCKET

In an inside pocket of his overcoat were found 30 letters. Fifteen or 20 of them had been addressed by St. Louis business firms to persons in the city. Four contained money orders. Cash amounting to \$22.50 was found on Seelig's person. Stamps extracted from the letters amounting to \$10 were concealed in four white envelopes.

ALL A MISTAKE

Helen, Nov. 9.—Assays of material taken from the lead discovered on the federal building site here show there is neither gold, silver nor any other valuable metal in the supposed rich strike of rock. The certificate of the assayer making the analysis of the rock was filed today.

Killed by Barkeeper

Marcelino, Mo., Nov. 9.—Robert N. Baird was shot and killed here by Ben Richardson, barkeeper. Baird, while under the influence of liquor, threatened to shoot Richardson and had drawn a revolver when the barkeeper fired. Baird was married and formerly lived in Gilesburg, Ill.

All Over Now

Constantinople, Nov. 9.—Tonight M. Bapat, councillor of the French embassy, received a satisfactory communication from the ports regarding the remainder of the French demands. The conflict between France and Turkey may, therefore be regarded as ended.

Morgan Buys White Star

London, Nov. 9.—A Sunday special, on authority of the New York correspondent, announces tomorrow that J. Pierpont Morgan has acquired the White Star line and secured a contract to purchase the Dominion line.

Children Burn to Death

Quincy, Ill., Nov. 9.—The farm house of J. Miller, twelve miles north of Quincy, burned last night and two children, Pearl and Dewitt Miller, aged 8 and 12, were burned to death. Seven other members of the family had narrow escapes.

Fire at Pittsburg

Pittsburg, Nov. 9.—Fire tonight destroyed the immense trestle and dock of the Monongahela River Consolidated coal company at Six Mile ferry, together with the company's office, several shanty boats and tugs. Loss \$100,000.

Another Insurance Embezzler

Columbus, Nov. 9.—John M. Milford, former secretary of the American Insurance union, was arrested tonight charged with having embezzled the funds of the order to the amount of \$27,000.

Goes to Philippines

Havard, Nov. 9.—Manager Barrett, retiring bishop of Havard, left today for his new post, that of apostolic delegate extraordinary to the Philippines.

WEARY OF PURSUIT

The Escaped Convicts Weekly Surrender to Any One.

A DEAD LETTER

Roosevelt is Expected to Make Strong Recommendation in Message.

Chicago, Nov. 9.—The Record-Herald tomorrow will say: "In his message to congress President Roosevelt will incorporate certain radical recommendations regarding the interstate commerce commission and probably urge the passage of remedial legislation which will place the commission in a position to become a power for good in the traffic world. The essential facts secured by the investigation which closed today are: The railroads east and west cut export rates constantly and do not publish their export rates. The contention exists in the Central Freight association, which morally proves the roads east bound from Chicago are pooling on grain products. The cut-rates in exports are due largely to the competition of water routes which are not under the supervision of the commission. The bulk of grain for domestic use moves as export grain, thereby being granted a cut rate. Substantial discrepancy exists between the rates on grain and flour and hay is in a classification higher than kindred products."

NATURAL GAS WELL

Has Furnished Light and Heat for More Than a Year.

There is a gas well southwest of Decatur about three and a half miles and it is in constant use. This well is on the farm of Arlie Logan. Nearly a year ago Logan started to bore a well. When the drill reached a depth of 90 feet there was a strong flow of gas encountered. This flow continued and when a match was touched to the gas a flame shot into the air nearly thirty feet. That burned for several days without any signs of the pressure diminishing. The plan had been to burn out the supply, but that failed. Finally Logan shut off the flow of gas and put in some pipes to hold it in check. As time went on and the pressure was apparently as strong as ever, he had the gas piped into his residence and used it for illuminating purposes. That was a success and he turned the gas to account as fuel. There is a big range in the kitchen and gas is the only fuel used there. It is said that the flow to the stove can be so increased that the big range will become red hot all over and that the flame will leap from the chimney. That, of course, is done only to illustrate the power of the pressure. This gas is also used to heat the house and since last February there has been nothing else used for either illuminating or heating purposes. The flow does not diminish and some of the neighbors of Logan are talking of having the gas piped to their residences. Logan didn't get the well of water he expected, but he has saved money on his fuel and light.

JUSTICE COURTS

The case of Henry Acorn, executor of the estate of Thomas Acorn vs. William Lynch, T. J. Whitehead and F. J. Harbender came up for trial before Justice O'Mara Saturday. The case, which has been several times continued, was one in which Acorn sued for the sum of \$34.50 which he claimed was due the estate as the balance on a sale of hay and corn made by Thomas Acorn about two years ago. The defendants claimed that they had already overpaid for the stuff and asked for a judgment for that amount. W. C. Outten appeared for the plaintiff and W. E. Redmond for the defendants. The jury brought in a verdict giving the defendants judgment for \$11.00. The costs of the case amount to about \$40.

Fires of the Day

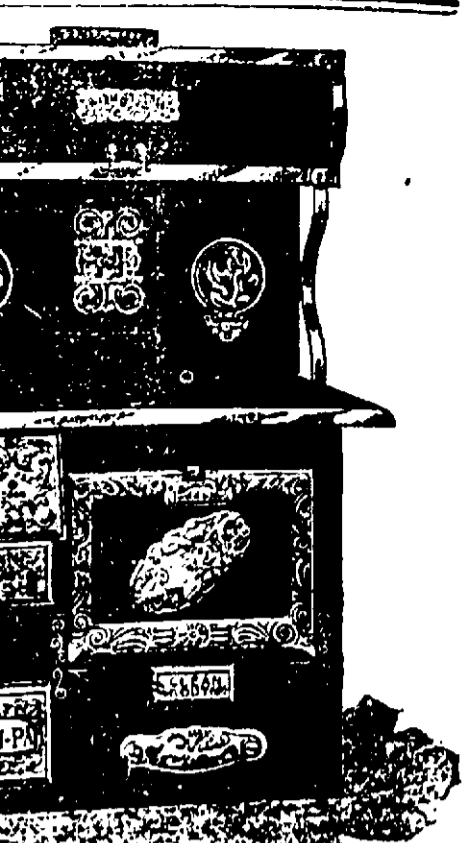
Richmond, Va., Nov. 9.—Fire today destroyed the four-story brick structure occupied by the Richmond Traction company, the Virginia Electrical Railway Development company and the tower of the Biograph Electrical Supply company. Emily Crump, stenographer, was seriously injured in jumping from a second story window, and the negro porter is believed to have perished in the flames. A number of persons were slightly injured. The loss was \$100,000. The cause is believed to be the explosion of the boiler.

TOWN OF BUTTE

Butte, Neb., Nov. 9.—Fire today destroyed nearly the entire business portion of the town. Not a hotel or restaurant remains and ten business places were burned. Loss \$30,000; insurance one-third. The fire is believed to be of incendiary origin.

To Disfranchise Negroes

Montgomery, Nov. 9.—Monday citizens of Alabama will vote for a ratification or rejection of the constitution formulated by the recent constitutional convention. The proposed constitution has for its main purpose the disfranchisement of the negro and at the same time to leave the ballot in the hands of every white man in the state. Both sides claim victory but it is believed the constitution will carry by a majority exceeding 55,000.



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Monticello, Sackriter Hotel, Nov. 25.
Brynswick Hotel, Nov. 25.
Taylorville, Antlers Hotel, Nov. 27.
Clinton, McGinnis Hotel, Nov. 28.

DR. ARTHUR names and locates diseases and weaknesses without asking questions and will guarantee a cure or NO PAY in all curable cases.

SPECIALTIES—Chronic Diseases of the Lungs, Heart, Stomach, Kidneys, Bowels, Bladder and Blood, Rheumatism, Catarrh and associated diseases. Sexual Weakness, Varicocele, Embolism, Atrophy, Physical Decline and all Wasting Nervous troubles of the Genito Urinary Organs of Men.

If impossible to call, write for testimonials, question blanks, etc.
Arthur, Med. Dispensary, P. O. Drawer 676, Chicago, Ill.

Large Stock Sale.
We, the undersigned, will sell together at public sale at the old Sawyer farm, 3 1/2 miles northwest of Decatur on FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 15.

40 Head of Cattle 40
Consisting of thirty head of fine milk cows of the Shorthorn, Holstein and Jersey breeds. Some are now fresh, others are due to come in during the winter. This is a good chance to get a winter cow.

Some fine steers, coming two years old, will be sold. ALSO one fine two-year-old thoroughbred Shorthorn bull.

10 Head of Horses 10
These are mostly three and four years old, good chunks and draft stock. THESE ARE MONEY MAKERS FOR THE PURCHASERS.

25 Head of Hogs 25
Consisting of two fine thoroughbred English Berkshire male hogs, coming two years old, from McDonald's herd, one Jersey Red, two years old, a very fine individual; four brood sows and a lot of shams, various sizes.

One good milk wagon and lot of milk cans.

It is the intention of Mr. Lyon to quit the dairy business and sell all cows except for personal use. Owing to the shortness of feed Mr. Lyon will sell his entire stock of cows, horses and hogs. ALL STOCK WILL BE SOLD FOR WHAT IT WILL BRING. Come on and get bargains.

Sale begins at 11 o'clock. Lunch at noon.

TERMS:—A credit of twelve months, note with approved security. Notes not paid when due will bear 7 per cent from date. Seven per cent discount, per annum, for cash. No stock removed until conditions complied with.

FRED LYON,
S. M. LUTZ,
J. T. WAID, Auctioneer.
LEWIS STOOKEY, Clerk.
MILTON JOHNSON, Cashier.

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THE ILLINOIS SENATORSHIP.

Some interest is shown in the senatorial contest to succeed Senator W. E. Mason. The only earnest candidates now in the field are the senator himself and ex-Governor Davenport. These gentlemen are both appealing to the people in a decent, orderly manner. They have each demonstrated a willingness to consult the people about the matter rather than the political organizations, which is commendable. This, of course, does not mean that other bona fide candidates may not later on enter the field and to this no one will object because any citizen of Illinois has a right to aspire to that honorable office. But there appears to be a disposition in some quarters to force or persuade men to enter the race for the mere purpose of confusing the people and if possible defeat the probable popular choice and elect some one who perhaps suits certain political class better than they suit the people. This scheme was never resorted to in any considerable extent in Illinois until the last few years. It was attempted in 1895 and in 1901 when Cullum and in 1907 against Mason with the result that the scheme failed in every instance and did those who engaged in them positive harm among the people. The first attempt to apply the old scheme was the effort to get Congressman Graft into the notion not to be wanted to the senator. This was, however, a failure as that gentleman was astute enough to discern the object of the schemers and in an open letter in which he states he cannot become a candidate for senator and considers his position as a member of the lower house of congress as good enough for him. He knows enough to know that the object was to use him not to elect him. There will perhaps be others not as wise as Graft who will permit themselves to be used for the purpose of defeating somebody with no show of being themselves elected.

This kind of politics is always had politics for a party and for the person

who allows the use of his name in this way.

In the first place the person who becomes such a candidate embarrasses a large number of persons in his district who would like to be free to support some candidate who is squarely before the people. This never adds anything to his popularity and puts against him upon the ledger one more entry as an office seeker. The people of Illinois have thrice condemned these plans to defeat somebody and has not added anything to the popularity of those who allowed their names to be so used.

There is every reason why those who aspire to the senatorship should come out openly for the position before the people and not try to hide the office regardless of the people from those who have submitted their claims to the people. It is to be hoped that every fractional effort such as made to get Graft into the race will fail as it did in his case. Let the men who want to be seen enter the race like men, in matter what some would-be boss or some discredited boss has to say about it. Let there be a fair contest if there is a contest at all and let every aspirant go and see the people about it. They like to be consulted and in this connection it is but fair to say that the people have demonstrated on more than one occasion that they will have their way whenever they take a notion that some fellow is trying to dictate things in disregard of their right to have a choice.

THE BEEF QUESTION.

According to the conclusion of the National Live Stock association within a few years, unless some remedy is decided upon and applied, there will be an everlasting beef famine. The foundation for argument on the part of those who sound out this warning, is the rapid settling up of the west, and, as a result, limiting the cattle ranges, and the constantly increasing demands of consumption. The stockmen also claim that the methods of administering the public lands of the west are unfriendly and from all these causes the outlook is said to be precarious. It is proposed to invite the attention of congress to the situation and ask it to investigate the subject thoroughly.

There may be some danger in this direction, but at first glimpse one gets the impression that the loudest protests may come from those who have been using the public domain for pastures without cost. These have enjoyed these privileges so long that when the government opens these lands to settlement the cattlemen have come to regard it as an encroachment upon their rights and it is not at all unlikely that before congress gets through with its investigation it will know where the shoe pinches.

There are a good many who will not become alarmed over this danger cry. There was a time when every progressive farmer in Illinois had a herd of cattle preparing them for the market. Then there came the Texas range outlaws and millions of cattle were pro-

pogated and fed there for the market. Following this came the wholesale production of cattle on the ranges of the west. The result was that the Illinois farmer was practically forced out of the business. As Texas settled up the manure ranges there were gradually diminished. The same is also true of the west, but as these ranges have been gradually and surely limited the Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Kansas and Iowa farmer has been gradually and surely getting back into the cattle business. As surely as the wall from the well-watered plains of Sodom come to the ears of the American farmer just as surely will the latter grasp the situation and cattle will reappear on the thousand hills and the fertile prairies.

With this view of the case there seems to be no immediate or remote danger of a beef famine. It is only a question whether our beef product shall be raised on practically free ranges or whether they shall be produced on our farms. The American farmer can raise beef enough for the world if only the cattle range coyote is kept from making it unprofitable for him to do so. It may take a few years to effect this transition as it did to force the farmer out of the business, but in a few years the problem will solve itself.

PORK AS A PRODUCT.

The fact that the hog products form the largest single item in the exports from the United States, having exceeded last year by \$2,000,000, those of manufacturers of iron and steel whose exports have attracted so much attention, leads interest in some facts which have just reached the bureau of statistics regarding the development of the porkpacking industry in Denmark. This information is published in the Danish Export Review, and shows that the number of head of swine in Denmark has increased from 301,000 in 1891 to 771,000 in 1901 and 1,108,000 in 1908, the latest year for which statistics are available. The prohibition of the importation of live hogs into Germany and the United Kingdom, which countries were Denmark's principal customers in this line resulted in the establishment of slaughter houses in Denmark and the increase in the production of Danish hams and hams in recent years has been phenomenal. The exports of hams and bacon from Denmark have grown from 1,120,000 Danish pounds in 1878 to 129,700,000 Danish pounds in 1908; the value increasing from 4,110,000 kroner in 1878 to 47,080,000 kroner in 1908, the value of the crown being 23.8 cents.

As a consequence of the change from the export of live swine to that of slaughtered animals, the slaughtering industry in Denmark during the last ten or fifteen years. While formerly the slaughter houses belonged to private individuals, a large number of joint and co-operative slaughtering houses have been established during this period on account of the German importation prohibition when it became necessary to kill a considerable number of swine which were formerly sent to Germany alive.

Since no European country possesses anything like the vast corn fields of the United States, in which the best classes of the American live are fattened, and do not possess any maize or American corn, save small quantities which are imported, the European hogs must be fed to a great extent on slops, and refuse of various sorts, and are more apt to be affected by the various diseases to which hogs are liable than the corn-fed porkers of the United States. For freedom from such diseases the American hog and his products should stand first in the world.

THE ELECTION OF BETH LOW.

The election of Beth Low and the defeat of Tammany is one of the most wonderful results ever accomplished at the polls by the people. The election of Strong in opposition to Tammany was brought about by a spontaneous reform movement worked up by a lot of excited enthusiasts, led by Rev. Dr. Parkhurst, as an organization. The enthusiasm which carried them through the election died out as soon as the polls closed. The whole thing amounted to nothing and at the next election Tammany swept into power again and has had free rein ever since.

The election of Low is quite a different affair. There was no special sentiment in it. The campaign was not in the hands of men who got up special steam for the occasion, only to collapse as soon as the election was over and assume their old positions. The whole thing amounted to nothing and at the next election Tammany swept into power again and has had free rein ever since.

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many because it was an organized body of thieves sucking the substantial blood of the city. These organizations are opposed to Tammany and having united once with success against it they can unite again.

In accepting the call to head the ticket Mr. Low published a lengthy letter in which he reviewed to some extent the corruption of Tammany, and expressed his views as to what is necessary to correct the affairs of the city and execute the obligations upon those who are charged with the city's affairs. One of the things upon which Mr. Low was emphatic may seem unique, but it will appeal to the average citizen. It relates to schools, parks and clean streets. He said in this connection:

Shakespeare makes Coriolanus say: "What is the city but the people?" That defines, in a word, the object of good city government: the welfare of the people. Translated into the language of the hour, it means here and now, in the city of New York, that the children of the people have good schools, and enough of them to give every child of school age a seat for the whole of every day of the school year; it means that the teachers of these children shall be held in honor as those who are training the future citizens.

It means that there shall be small parks and playgrounds everywhere, for young and old alike; that all the children of New York may have something like an even chance to grow up strong, hearty, good loving and God fearing men and women. Most of all, it means that the city government shall wage relentless war on every one who shall make one of these little ones to stumble.

It means for the people, poor and rich alike, clean streets at all seasons of the year; and that all the resources of modern science shall be brought to bear intelligently to protect the people in their homes and in the streets from preventable disease. Above all, it means that the conditions of life in the homes of the poor shall be made as tolerable as circumstances will permit. Light and air are the gifts of God, and the folly or greed of man should not be permitted to rob one child of enough of these. And yet I know how hard the conditions are that bear upon this problem and how impossible it will be to remedy, even in a decade, the mistake of half a century. In this connection, as in every other, we must all remember that ancient maxim of the law: "The extreme of the law is the extreme of injustice."

Following this Mr. Low gave his views on the employment of labor by the city, its franchises, its water system, civil service, police corruption and the excise laws. The present reform movement in New York which has resulted in Mr. Low's election to the majority is along business and rational lines and may be expected to produce results above and beyond the mere event of electing a mayor.

ROOSEVELT NOT A RICH MAN.

President Roosevelt is not a very rich man. His personal income for many years has been \$5000 a year and the personal income of his wife has been also \$5000 a year. So by joining these incomes, the Roosevelt family has lived in fair fashion. There have been no extravagances and anyone who is aware of their social standing for the last twenty years can easily see that the joint income of \$10,000 a year would be none too much for the demands upon them.

Mr. Roosevelt's salary as an assemblyman was \$1500 a year, and his salary as a United States civil service commissioner, under President Harrison, was \$5000 a year. His salary as police commissioner under Mayor Strong was \$5000 a year. His salary as assistant secretary of the navy, under Secretary Long, was \$4500 a year. His salary as lieutenant colonel of the United States volunteers in the Spanish-American war was \$10,000 a year. His salary as governor of New York was \$10,000 a year. His salary as vice president of the United States was \$8000 a year. His present salary as president of the United States is \$50,000 a year.

The great horseshoe curve on the Pennsylvania railroad will probably soon be abandoned. A distance of three miles can be saved by tunneling the mountain at that point and distance saving means much to great railway companies. This tunnel, when completed, will be the longest in the world—seven miles—entering the mountain at the horseshoe and coming out at a point west of Urewood.

Postmaster General Smith has given a very clear definition of the reciprocity of the republican party favors. He said: "Brazil grows coffee and makes no machinery. We make machinery and grow no coffee. She needs the fabrics of our factories and the products of our forges. We need the fruit of the tropical soil. We agree to concessions for her coffee and she agrees to concessions for our machinery and fabrics." That is reciprocity.

The British soldier demonstrated his courage at the recent disaster at Brakenlaug. Out of 190 in one position there were 123 casualties. Of the Scottish horse, out of 80 men, 73 were hit. Of the artillerymen out of 30 men, 28 were

SALE OF FURS.

On Wednesday and Thursday Nov. 13th and 14th,

Mr. F. E. Stubbs, Representing

John T. Shane & Co.,

Chicago, Ill.,

Will give a Fur Opening in our
Cloak Department. \$5,000 worth
of furs on sale. Fur Coats from
\$25.00 to \$300.00. Fur Scarfs
from \$2.50 to \$125.00. Fur Muffs
from \$1.00 to \$100.00.

Bradley Bros
Decatur, Ill.

Specific
Library
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For a week or more
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THE GREATEST

OVERCOATS

EVER SHOWN FOR

\$5.50

—AT—

Cheap
Charley's

FOR TEN DAYS ONLY AT THIS PRICE

hit. Of the Yorkshire mounted infantry,
two companies, there was a terrible pro
portion of men killed or wounded. Out
of two officers four were killed. The
camp was held.

In Bradford, Pa., two druggists have
been fined \$1000 each for selling intox
icating liquors illegally. Their stock has
been confiscated and one of them has
to go to jail and labor hard for sixty
days. This is more legal and more ef
fective than Mrs. Nation's work. The
Mrs. Nation class is not made up of the
people who accomplish anything sub
stantial in reforms.

Mark Hanna spent an entire day at
the White House last week at the re
quest of President Roosevelt. This will
be disappointing to those persons who
have had tips which convinced them
that these "gentlemen" do not exchange
the "social" graces when they meet.

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TANAL
PENNYROYAL PILLS
The Great, Secret and Only
Remedy for all cases of
Pain, Headache, Neuralgia,
Migraine, etc. Price 25c per box.
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Rectal, Genito-Urinary and all Chronic
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Excellent Hospital and Surgical Facilities.
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ALL THE
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THE
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ALL THE
Time

MAKE COMBINE

Senatorial Candidates Are Being Brought Out For a Purpose.

NEEDED FOR COMING YEAR

An Interesting Political Letter From the State Capital Regarding the Fight For United States Senate.

The following from a staff correspondent of the Chicago Tribune on the senatorial fight is full of interest:

A seat in the United States senate is being used in Illinois much after the fashion of a football in a game between college teams. No one is permitted to hold it long at a time, and the game will be fought to a finish fifteen months hence.

Contrary to the reports of hired scoundrels, literary bureaus and state office holders, there is no great and burning enthusiasm over the senatorial situation among the rank and file of the republican voters of the state. That is to say, the men who come to state conventions year after year, and the men who vote party more than they do self are not reaching their maximum in the interest of any individual candidate for the United States senate.

There are other signs of greater moment which will evaluate in the near future as to the real heats that the senatorial, because they are of paramount importance to the party welfare.

The fight that is being framed up in Illinois will be in its inception "anti-administration and administration."

On this issue there will be sharply drawn. The republicans are in the main anti-administration men. Of late the country republicans are well versed in God county politics. He remembers the fate of the republican candidates, for mayor of Chicago in the late three campaigns. He sees, or he thinks he sees, the combination between Mr. Lorimer and the state administration. He fears the extension of Lorimer's peculiar way of doing politics out into the country districts. He remembers what happened Martin H. Madden when he was a candidate for the United States senate and he remembers John R. Tanner's political finish.

A DISTANT PROMISE. The senatorial fight at present the most vexatious before the republican voters of Illinois. Its disposition is a long way off. The active candidates for the place are Mr. Davies and Senator Mason. They are making friends and getting ready for the battle.

Davies is extremely well liked in Illinois and has a good following. Mason is an old timer in politics, and all reports to the contrary, he has many a bit of patronage out in the state located in responsive hands. He may be stronger than most people give him credit for being.

Governor Yates undoubtedly will be a candidate for re-nomination and reelection. In order to accomplish this result he must of necessity had up to it by winning a series of political battles, some of which are of minor importance, but taken in an entirety, would give him a great advantage. He must control the next state convention. He must dominate the selection of the republican state ticket next year. He must reign supreme in the state central committee, which will be selected at the republican state convention.

In order to win out, Yates must have the ascendancy in the legislature which will meet a year from January. Then would follow the election of a United States senator, who would be under obligations to the chief executive of the state for the position. So the senatorship is the last number on the political program.

It will be noticed of late that a great many candidates are being brought out for the United States senate by the state administration forces. Overtures have been made to Congressman Hopkins and to Mr. Hitt's friends. Congressman Graft has been offered the nomination for state treasurer. A political flirtation is being carried on with Congressman Warner. It won't be long before Congressman George W. Smith is lugged into the battle.

NEEDS HELP OF CONGRESSMEN. This is Mr. Lorimer's method of politics. He knows he can get only two or three congressional districts in Cook county, and he thinks by bringing them out as senatorial candidates, he can enlist their services in the battles which come off first. If he can get Hitt's district, and Graft's district, and Smith's district, and Cannon's district, and Warner's district he may be able to hold the state central committee. He would, whenever his ends are accomplished, dump any or all of these men. If he does not get them the state administration will lose the control of the committee, a privilege it enjoys today.

If, however, the anti-Lorimer-Yates people, for that is the way they will be termed before long, get control of the state central committee, they will proceed to do things that will prove of interest. And the first thing they will do will be to cast into the ally between the Illinois State Journal office and the LaSalle hotel, a full-blown press bureau, which is being operated for the state administration by Charles M. Timney.

matter which is either in the advancement of personal interests or in the dissemination of personal abuse against republicans not thoroughly in accord with the state administration.

FIGURE ON STATE OFFICERS. In the meantime the state administration is encouraging the bringing out of candidates for the state offices to be held next year, to-wit: Superintendent of Public Instruction, State Treasurer, Clerk of the Supreme Court, and some minor places. Governor Yates does not fancy State Superintendent Hayles, who comes from Whiteside county. He wants to throw the Superintendent of Public Instruction to southern Illinois and the Treasuryship north, and shut Hayles out. Congressman Graft has been talked about for State Treasurer and Clerk of the Illinois court. A central Illinois may present the name of Floyd K. Whittemore.

A. D. Cadwallader of Lincoln and Chris Manner of Chicago are prominent in the campaign for the Clerkship of the Supreme Court, an office that is said to be worth \$25,000 a year for the next six years. Kinsey of Perry county and Quackenbush of Kane also are mentioned as candidates for State Superintendent of Public Instruction. In this convention will come the last fight.

It is charged here that Mr. Lorimer is secretly or indirectly interested in a big construction company located in Chicago. Whether this allegation is true or not remains to be determined.

If the Yates and Lorimer party get the state central committee and the state ticket, too, they will proceed to dominate the nominations for the legislature in every district in which they can get their hooks. Mr. Lorimer would like control of a legislature again just as he and his friends had it in 1897. The state administration will not want that house and senate to get in the hands of others than their friends.

Mr. Lorimer at present has the West Park board and the United Grain Inspectors of Chicago.

If the governor has his way Mr. Lorimer's investigations will be extended to the control of the Lincoln Park board and Joe Biddell will be reappointed to the railroad board.

In the distribution of state contracts, however, Mr. Lorimer's friends have up to date met with indifferent success. They slipped up on a big contract at the Waterworks asylum. A plan was taken away from them in the shape of another contract at the Batavia asylum. They were defeated in a contract at Lincoln, and only on Wednesday a "slip" was put in the back of R. Bruce Watson, a Lorimerite, who wanted to have the job of building the Springfield arsenal.

The editors of the republican country papers are rebellious, and any getting ready for a battle, too. In all the warp and woof of the situation they recognize Lorimer as the master hand, and they will do him up and every one who is connected with him if they can have their way.

But to get down to the senatorship, Congressman Hopkins was brought out and made a candidate by the Yates and Lorimer people. His candidacy is extensively advertised and aired in every conceivable way. William Lorimer has no more idea of making Hopkins a senator from Illinois than he has of electing Martin H. Madden.

HOW CANNON LOST OUT. It is a well known fact that Joseph G. Cannon would have been the speaker of the house of representatives in Washington had it not been that Lorimer brought Hopkins out as a candidate for speaker and divided the Illinois delegation on Cannon.

And in spite of all this the Yates-Lorimer people are printing columns after columns of stuff to show that "Uncle Joseph" will not only allow the republican members of the General Assembly from his congressional district to support Mr. Hopkins loyally, but he himself, an able navigator in political seas will take the bridge and sail Mr. Hopkins' boat. They do not know Mr. Cannon's brother William, nor have they an intimate acquaintance with one William R. Jewell.

From one end of the state to the other where a state administration man can be found they are slinging the parades of Albert J. Hopkins of Ansonia for the United States senate. When the proper time comes the old methods will be applied by William Lorimer to Albert J. Hopkins. He will be thrown aside just as Martin Madden was and just as other men have been.

Only the other day, however, the Yates-Lorimer combination struck a snag and it had one, too, one which has given the members much dismay and concern. The administration people concluded after they had brought Hopkins out as a candidate they would compete with a while with Congressman Hitt. They hoped to get him to become a candidate for the senate and the up stream Illinois. Able bodied scouts were deputed to bring about these results and Mr. Hitt's closest friends, if not the man himself, were approached in the usual diplomatic way and the senatorship was dangled before their eyes.

HITT'S DISTRICT IS IMPORTANT. The new Hitt congressional district, if it may be so termed, is composed of Jo Davies, Stevenson, Carroll, Oak, Whiteside and Lee. There is a new deal in politics up that way. Jo Davies county is an important factor in the district and Senator John McKendree is the recognized leader up there. There are two republican elements in Whiteside county, one headed by Charles Dent of Morrison, and the other by Thomas Diller of Mering. Both of these factions, if they may be so termed, are for Colton first, last, and all the time. They hate Lorimer and the state administration crowd, and will get ready to make a battle, as will appear later on.

Mrs. Fanny Worthington lives in Sterling and she has done more for the republican party of Illinois than any other woman. She is a potential factor in republican politics. She thought she was going to be appointed assistant pure food

commissioner by Governor Yates. She has reasons to believe this was going to be done, but after a wait of two months she came to Springfield last Sunday and was told she could not have the job. Governor Yates argues like this:

"Hayles comes from Whiteside and I want to beat him, so why should I give a place to Fannie Worthington, who lives in Whiteside, when it won't do me any good?"

So Bent and Diller and Worthington will look after Whiteside, and they will attend to it properly, too. District Attorney Bethen, Assemblyman Charles Hughes and Judge Farrand are the leading spirits in the republican politics of Lee county. Bethen and United States Marshal Ames are with Mason for the United States senate, but they are non-deliverable quantities when Gal 3-2-P O L I T I C S

it comes to a fight against Yates and Lorimer. That is to say, they cannot be put any place where they must coalesce with Yates and Lorimer to achieve a result.

WELL DISTRIBUTED. In Carroll county twenty-five state appointments have been distributed by Hon. Asphwall and Scott Cowen, Judge Dixon, C. W. Middlekauff, and Judge Colton people will make a fight there against the state administration. It will be interesting to observe the disposition of the postoffice in Carroll county.

Within two weeks Congressman Hitt and his friends were told in plain old good United States that every man could understand that the overtures to Mr. Hitt to become a senatorial candidate were not genuine or sincere. They were informed also, that the same promises that had been made to Hitt were tendered to Hopkins and it need be to Warner, Graft, Smith, and others, too. Attention was called to the fact that Jo Davies, Whiteside, and Lee would go together and it need be might name some candidate for congress other than Mr. Hitt. The talk was made so strong and the conditions were demonstrated so clearly that it is safe to say that Mr. Hitt will not be a candidate.

ANTIS-STRONG-MEAN BUSINESS. A big majority of the republicans above referred to refuse to be wheedled or enticed by Lorimer or Yates. A great many republicans in the other counties in the district, looking toward party welfare more than individual success, are inclined to join with Heden, McKendree, Diller, Bent, Farrand and Worthington. Some of the people were so incensed that they made a talk which they will probably regret when their fears of the Lorimer-Yates combination are allayed. They even went so far as to say the chairmanship of the committee on foreign affairs was nothing to the republicans of the Thirtieth district in comparison with the dread they had of the extension of Lorimer-Yates methods in the republican party of Illinois.

Births.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lewis, Jr., Sunday, November 10th, at their home near Rolling Springs church, a son.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William Backstein, Monday, November 11th, at their home, 120 Orchard street, a son.

To the Public.

Allow me to say a few words in praise of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I had a very severe cough and cold and feared I would get pneumonia, but after taking the second dose of this medicine I felt better, three bottles of it cured my cold and the pains in my chest disappeared entirely. I am most respectfully yours for health; Ralph S. Myers, 41 Thirty-seventh street, Wheeling, W. Va. For sale by all druggists.

Of all the pretty kettles of fish in which the usual ring finds itself the most annoying seems to be Potts.

Jumped on a Ten Penny Nail.

The little daughter of Mr. J. N. Powell jumped on an inverted rake made of ten penny nails, and thrust one nail entirely through her foot and a second one half way through. Chamberlain's Pain Balm was promptly applied and five minutes later the pain had disappeared and no more suffering was experienced. In three days the child was wearing her shoes as usual and with absolutely no discomfort. Mr. Powell is a well known merchant of Forkland, Va. Pain Balm is an antiseptic and heals such injuries without maturation and in one-third the time required by the usual treatment. For sale by all druggists.

Anxious to Wed.

Adam Ruppert of Paris, Ill., advertised for a wife, telling that he was 75 years old and that his bride must be at least 40 years old. From Terre Haute alone, inside of a week, he had twenty applicants.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets cure biliousness, constipation and headache. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. For sale by all druggists.

Roast Rose.

A number of the papers in the country towns near Decatur express gratification that Rose was sent to the county jail by the federal government. They say that Rose failed to pay his advertising bills. Whatever else may be said of him in Decatur, he paid his newspaper bills.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Powder makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, itchy feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.



THEY ARE AFTER US!

WHO? The Other Merchants.

WHY? Because We are naming the lowest price on all lines of Dry Goods Jackets, Capes, Suits and Skirts

Have You Visited our Store? If not you had better join the pleased throng of people who have been our customers from the first. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR MONEY REFUNDED.

PETTICOAT SALE.



We have the best line of Petticoats in Decatur from the cheapest to high priced Silk and to introduce the Elite Pat. Underkirt the manufacturers have given us the special sale and made us a low price on them.

Regular \$1.30 Fancy Petticoat, made of Black Mercerized ruffled and some pleated, special price... 90c

Fine Mercerized Underkirts \$1.50 qualities for... \$1.19

A good ruffled and pleated Black Mercerized \$3 value Petticoat... \$1.48

A Beauty of a Black Underkirt... \$1.98

Better Mercerized Underkirts for \$2.48, \$2.98 and... \$3.98

A fine pleated Taffeta Silk Petticoat worth anywhere \$4; our special price this week... \$4.98

\$10 extra fine Taffeta Silk Underkirts—the best skirt made of Guaranteed Silk, our special price... \$6.98

\$12.50 Silk petticoats—a skirt made to wear and would be cheap for \$10; our special price... \$8.98

SILK AND WOOL WAISTS.

An ever-changing variety of these dressy garments awaits you at this store. The styles of today are gone tomorrow and so on. WHY? We only buy a few of a kind because we realize that Well Dressed Women dislike meeting their raiment at every street corner.

We show some good reliable Wool Waists in Black and Colors \$1.50 values; our special price... 98c

Fine French Flannel Waists in the new styles all prices from the cheapest to the best. A special good waist made of fine French Flannel... \$1.25

Swell Striped French Flannel Waists, all colors worth \$2.50; our special price... \$1.98

Fine Botany Flannel Waists made with Silk Taffeta bands trimmed in the new styles; special price \$3.98 and... \$2.98

All Silk Waists Taffeta and Beau de Sore in all colors worth \$4.98; our special price... \$3.98

Fine Silk Taffeta Waists, the kind that sell for \$6.00; our special price this week... \$4.98

We have some very exclusive styles in Fine Taffeta and Beau de Sore Waists, would be worth \$10 in a regular way; our eastern buyer bought them low; this sale... \$6.98

EVERYBODY IS GETTING WALKING SKIRTS.

Easier than anything to walk in. Easier than anything to keep well in during cold stormy weather for they never get wet around the bottom. Heat for a dozen reasons. They flare at the bottom and fit snug around the hips.

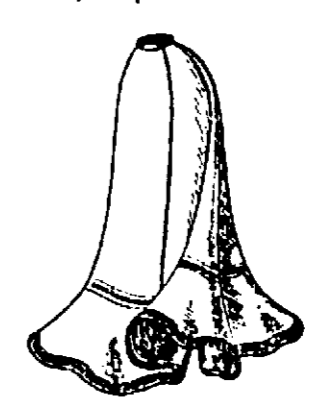
Call and see our \$3 Flounce Pedestrian Skirts—Special this week, all sizes... \$1.98

Dark Grey, Black and Navy in a fine \$4 Walking Skirt... \$2.98

Grey, Brown and Black Pedestrian Skirts, special \$3 value for... \$3.98

\$4 would be reasonable for our Light Grey flounce and large Pedestrian Skirt. We received a large line this week; for special sale... \$4.98

Better Skirts for one-fourth less than competitors are selling them. Call and see our line, all prices, \$3.98, \$7.50 and... \$9.75



THE PLACE TO SAVE MONEY!

151 NORTH WATER STREET.

Hinman Bros. Co.



FARMERS COLUMN

FOR SALE—20 acres choice timothy hay in rack. All on farm 4 miles west of Moweaqua, Ill. J. Henry Serber, 1817 North Edwards street, Chicago, Ill. 8-22

FOR SALE—Two square blocks situated in hard heart; also big apartment for coal heaters and cook stoves and furniture stand. Chance, first room south of St. Nicholas. 8-22

HAVING DECIDED to quit handling horse blankets and lap robes I will close them all out. Now is your chance to buy. I need the money to buy leather. Mr. Nabrean, south side of street, 327 East Main. 8-22

MASTER'S SALE—State of Illinois.

Monroe county, ss. Monroe county circuit court, September term, A. D. 1901.

Joseph Foster vs. Walter Eden, et al.

On bill to foreclose mortgage, No. 5234.

Public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled case in the said court, at the September term, A. D. 1901, I, George A. Sentel, master in chancery for said court, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash on the 2nd day of December, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the west door of the court house in Sullivan, in said county, the following described real estate situate in the county of Monroe and state of Illinois, to-wit: The northwest quarter of block one of Camfield's addition to the town, now city, of Sullivan.

That on the same day at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house in Decatur in Macon county, Illinois, the following described real estate situate in the county of Macon and state of Illinois, to-wit: Lot ten in block seven in Smith & Co. addition to the city of Decatur, Illinois; also lots twelve and thirteen in block one in Plant & Tuttle's addition to the city of Decatur, except ten feet of the north side of said lot thirteen; also lot thirteen in block nine of Smith & Co. addition to the city of Decatur; also, lot one in block one in H. A. Wood's addition of lots to the city of Decatur, Illinois. Tract in Sullivan being subject to a mortgage for \$14,000.00 and the next three tracts in Decatur being subject to mortgages aggregating \$2,000.00.

Said premises will be sold together with all and singular the improvements and appurtenances thereto belonging.

Dated October 20th, A. D. 1901.

GEO. A. SENTEL.

Master in Chancery.

Edu & Martin, Solicitors for Complainant, in cross bill, nov-14-w4w

WANTED—Carriage painting and crimping; all kinds of vehicles put in first class shape. Fine work a specialty; latest in colors and styles. I can please you. J. L. English, 122 North Lauch street. 8-22-23-dit

FOR SALE—I am authorized to offer for sale a choice farm belonging to the estate of Amelia L. Kraft, located about seven miles southwest of Decatur, a mile and a half north east of Hoody, described as follows: The west half (1/2) of the southeast half (1/2) and the east half (1/2) of the west half (1/2) of the southeast quarter (1/4) of section one (1) township fifteen (15) north, range one east of the third principal meridian, also, a residence property in the City of Decatur described as the east half (1/2) of lot five (5) in block one (1) of south-western addition to the City of Decatur. Separate bids in writing for each property will be received by me until November 20, when the properties will be sold to the highest bidder.

Terms of sale, one-half cash, one-half, one year, with interest at six per cent, or all cash.

The farm consists of one hundred and seventeen acres of fine farm land with a new eight room house, with bath room, water in house. Large new barn with driveway through center, new windmill and other improvements. City property is a large two story house of eight rooms situated on West Wood street, within four blocks of the court house.

Abstracts showing merchantable title to date of transfer furnished.

For further particulars inquire in my office, 602 E. Edwards St., Decatur, Ill. 8-22-23-dit Geo. W. Kraft.

Keep Your House Warm!

Send me plan or sketch of your house; I will send you free estimate of cost of a hot water or steam heating apparatus to warm same properly and economically, including boiler, radiation, fittings, valves, etc., with full detailed plans and directions for erecting. You can erect if I show you.

Write for details. Small jobs given same care and attention as the largest.

W. A. POPE, 79 Lake St., Chicago.

Dr. Shellenberger: Dear Sir—I suffered with stomach and kidney trouble. My stomach bothered me for a long time and my kidneys for several years could not sleep and suffered a great deal of pain across the back. I went to Dr. Shellenberger, the Chicago specialist, and he told me he could cure me. And he does what he promised. If you are suffering do likewise. If you will write me, I will tell you all. Respectfully yours, W. T. LANE, Lane, Ill.

FINISH IT

Evidence in the Damage Case.

AL

GRAND JURORS

To Tell About the Proceedings Against the Turned-Decker

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